

The value of collaboration in the development of e-cigarette test methods

Dr Derek Mariner

CORESTA E-Vapour Sub-Group

ENDS 2017 St James' Court Hotel, London 14-15 June, 2017



Outline

- Introduction to CORESTA
- CORESTA activities
- Process for Development of Recommended Methods
- CORESTA E-Vapour Subgroup
- Collaborative study for CRM 84: VG, PG, water and nicotine in aerosol
- Standardisation and engagement
- Summary



CORESTA

Copération pour les REcherches Scientifiques Relatives au TAbac

Cooperation Centre for Scientific Research Relative to Tobacco





To be recognised by our members and relevant external bodies as an authoritative source of publically available credible science and best practices related to tobacco and its derived products.



The Purpose of CORESTA

Encourage international cooperation

to actively work

on tobacco-related areas of research





It is an Association:

- > Founded in 1956 by 24 organisations from 20 countries
- Headquartered in Paris and governed under French law
- Now 150 Member organisations from 38 countries

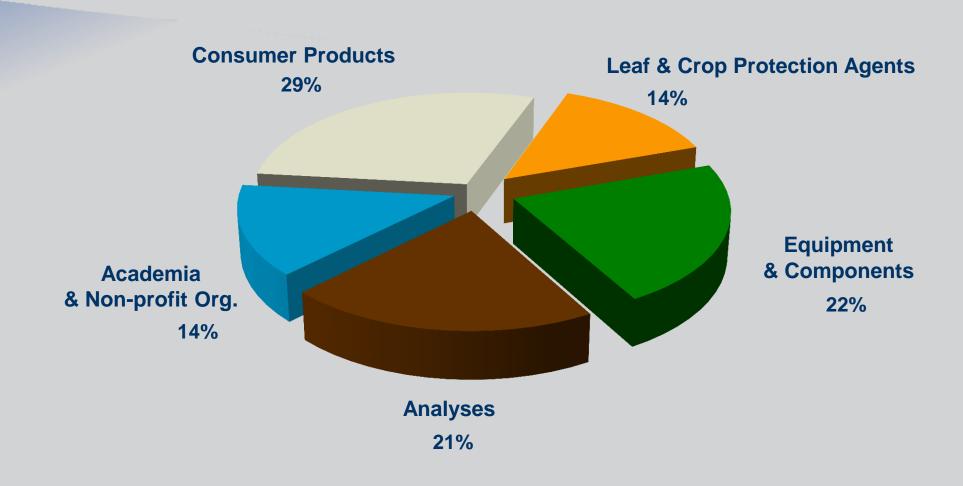
Main bodies

- Board (12 to 14 organisations)
- Scientific Commission (20 individuals)
- General Secretariat (3 persons)
- 22 Sub-Groups and Task Forces within 4 Study Groups
 - + 3 inter-group committees

≈ 600 persons worldwide involved in on-going work

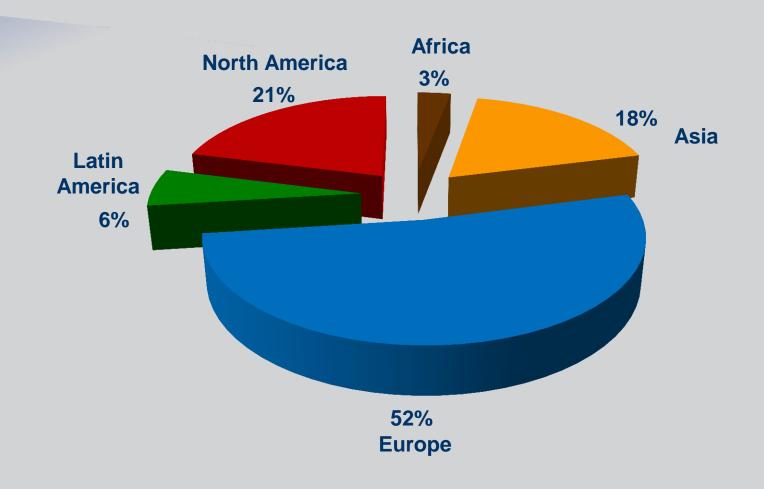


MembershipCore Activity





MembershipWorldwide distribution





Activities across supply chain, product testing and product use

- Agronomy & Leaf Integrity, Phytopathology & Genetics
 - > Agronomy & Breeding
 - Curing
 - Sustainability
 - Pests & plant diseases
 - Agrochemical issues

Agro - Phyto « AP »

- Smoke Science, Product Technology
 - > Technical specifications
 - Methods for component and emissions analysis
 - Consumer behaviour
 - > In Vitro Toxicology

Smoke - Techno « SSPT »



"Smoke - Techno"

Product Technology

- SG Tobacco and Tobacco Product Analytes
- SG Physical Test Methods
- TF Cigarette Variability
- SG Routine Analytical Chemistry
- SG Cigar Smoking Methods
- SG E-Vapour

Smoke Science

- > SG Smoke Analytes
- SG Product Use and Behaviour
- SG Biomarkers
- SG In Vitro Toxicity Testing



Smoke - Techno Achievements

Smoke Science & Product Technology

- Developed Recommended Methods*, Guides and Reports on tobacco, product and smoke analysis (chemical and physical)
 - 37 ISO standards based on CORESTA Recommended Methods (CRMs)
 - + 6 CRMs currently in the process of becoming ISO standards
 - Regular collaborative studies/proficiency trials to support member labs' accreditation (agrochemicals, TNCO, physical...)
 - Protocols for in vitro toxicity testing of mainstream smoke



- CM 'CORESTA Monitor test piece' for smoking machine set-up + 1 for LIP testing
- 4 smokeless tobacco products





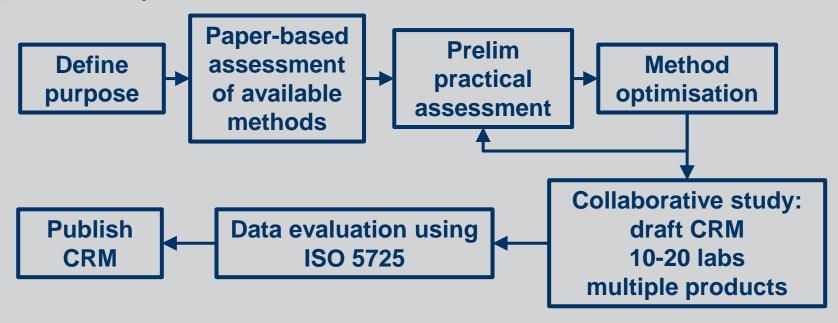
*62 out of 85 CRMs are currently active, due to obsolescence/replacement of older ones



Development of Recommended Methods

Approach used for the development of robust methods

Consensus-based process



- Discussions during process provide insight into causes/reduction of intra- and inter-laboratory variability
- Methods and Reports are made available on the CORESTA website
- More recently, experience shared in peer-reviewed publications



E-Vapour Subgroup

- Formed in 2013 (originally a Task Force)
- Currently 45 member organisations: e-cig and e-liquid manufacturers, academia, regulators, equipment suppliers, and testing laboratories
- Publications on CORESTA website:
 - > E-Cigarettes: A Brief Description of History, Operation and Regulation. Reference Report February 2014
 - E-Cigarettes: Assessment of Analytical Literature from 55 Studies Published Worldwide prior to November 2013 on Commercial E-Cigarettes. Reference Report May 2014
 - **E-Liquid Preliminary Proficiency Study. Technical Report March 2015**
 - > 2014 Electronic Cigarette Aerosol Parameters Study. Technical Report March 2015
 - > CRM 81: Routine analytical machine for e-cigarette aerosol generation and collection definitions and standard conditions June 2015
 - Guide No. 18: Sample Handling and Sample Collection of E-Cigarettes and E-Vapour Generating Products November 2016
 - 2015 Collaborative Study for Determination of Glycerin, Propylene Glycol, Water and Nicotine in Collected Aerosol of E-Cigarettes. Technical Report March 2017
 - CRM 84: Determination of glycerin, propylene glycol, water, and nicotine in the aerosol of e-cigarettes by gas chromatographic analysis – March 2017
- Current: CRM for Carbonyls in aerosol; Next: Metals in aerosol



E-Vapour Subgroup

- **❖ Formed in 2013 (originally a Task Force)**
- Currently 45 member organisations: e-cig and e-liquid manufacturers, academia, regulators, equipment

sup

Basis for ISO/DIS 20768:

"Vapour products - Routine

analytical vaping machine -

Definitions and standard conditions"

cal Report - March 2015

> 2014 Elect

Igarette Aerosol Parameters Study. Technical Report - March 2015

CRM 81: Routine analytical machine for e-cigarette aerosol generation and collection - definitions and standard conditions – June 2015

peration and Regulation. Reference Report - February 2014

are from 55 Studies Published Worldwide prior to November 2013 on Commercial

- **▶** Guide No. 18: Sample Handling and Sample Collection of E-Cigarettes and E-Vapour Generating Products November 2016
- > 2015 Collaborative Study for Determination of Glycerin, Propylene Glycol, Water and Nicotine in Collected Aerosol of E-Cigarettes. Technical Report March 2017
- ➤ CRM 84: Determination of glycerin, propylene glycol, water, and nicotine in the aerosol of e-cigarettes by gas chromatographic analysis March 2017
- Current: CRM for Carbonyls in aerosol; Next: Metals in aerosol



E-Vapour Subgroup

- **❖ Formed in 2013 (originally a Task Force)**
- Currently 45 member organisations: e-cig and e suppliers, and testing laboratories
- Publications on CORESTA website:
 - E-Cigarettes: A Brief Description of History, Operation ar
 - ➤ E-Cigarettes: Assessment of Analytical Literature from 5 E-Cigarettes. Reference Report - May 2014
 - E-Liquid Preliminary Proficiency Study. Technical Report
 - > 2014 Electronic Cigarette Aerosol Parameters Study. Tec
 - CRM 81: Routine analytical machine for e-cigarette aerosol general 2015

Development has informed ISO
20714/DIS: "E-liquid —
Determination of nicotine,
propylene glycol and glycerol in
liquids used in electronic nicotine
delivery devices — Gas
chromatographic method"

s, equipment

n Commercial

ction - definitions and standard conditions - June

- ► Guide No. 18: Sample Handling and Sample Collection of E-Cigarettes at ∠E-Vapour Generating Products November 2016
- > 2015 Collaborative Study for Determination of Glycerin, Propylene Glycol, Water and Nicotine in Collected Aerosol of E-Cigarettes. Technical Report March 2017
- CRM 84: Determination of glycerin, propylene glycol, water, and nicotine in the aerosol of e-cigarettes by gas chromatographic analysis – March 2017
- **❖** Current: CRM for Carbonyls in aerosol; Next: Metals in aerosol

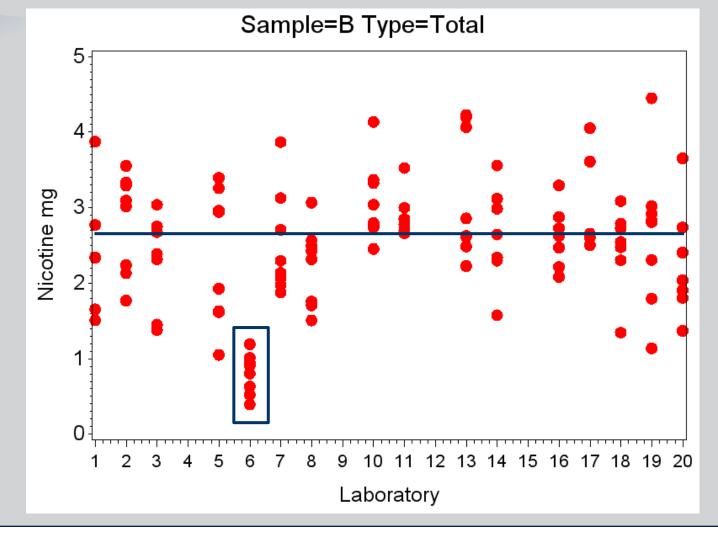


Collaborative Study (2015, report on website)

- > 18 participating labs
- 4 test items (device+liquid) obtained directly from the manufacturers
- Control liquid sample
- > 5-8 replicates per product per lab
- Aerosol generated in 3 puff-blocks (1-10, 11-30, 31-80) per device using CRM 81: 55ml puff volume,
 3s duration, 30s interval, square profile
- Parameters: Glycerin, Propylene glycol, Nicotine, Water, Aerosol mass (ACM)
- Data were analyzed in basic conformance with ISO 5725(5) (and ISO 13528 for information)
- Each analyte was examined individually plus the analyte as a proportion or percentage of ACM.



Nicotine = Total from puffs 1-80





| Summa | Summary Results for Nicotine | | | | | |
|-------|------------------------------|-------|-------|--|--|--|
| | В | С | D | | | |
| Lab | Total | Total | Total | | | |
| Mean | 2.59 | 4.86 | 3.20 | | | |
| Indiv | 0.667 | 1.408 | 0.786 | | | |
| sr | 0.334 | 0.704 | 0.393 | | | |
| sR | 0.457 | 0.869 | 0.450 | | | |
| r (%) | 36.0% | 40.5% | 34.4% | | | |
| R (%) | 49.4% | 50.0% | 39.4% | | | |

Within lab variability

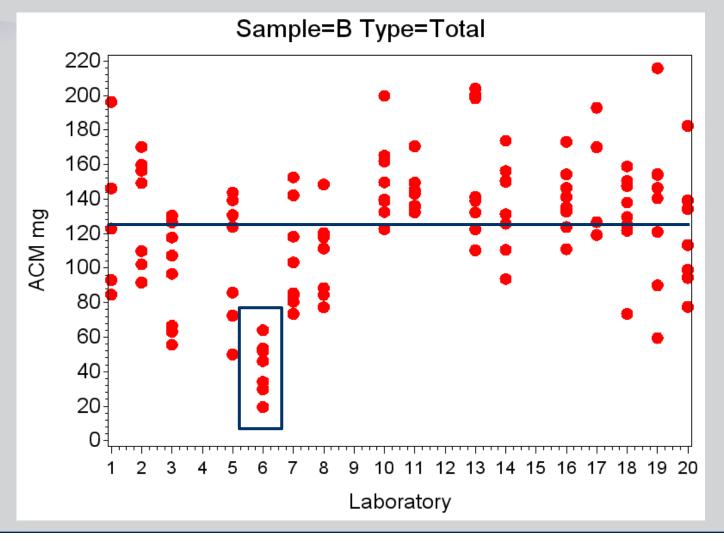
Total variability

[•] Repeatability and reproducibility calculations based on a test result being the average of four test items. Indiv is the sd among individual values (i.e., not the average of 4).

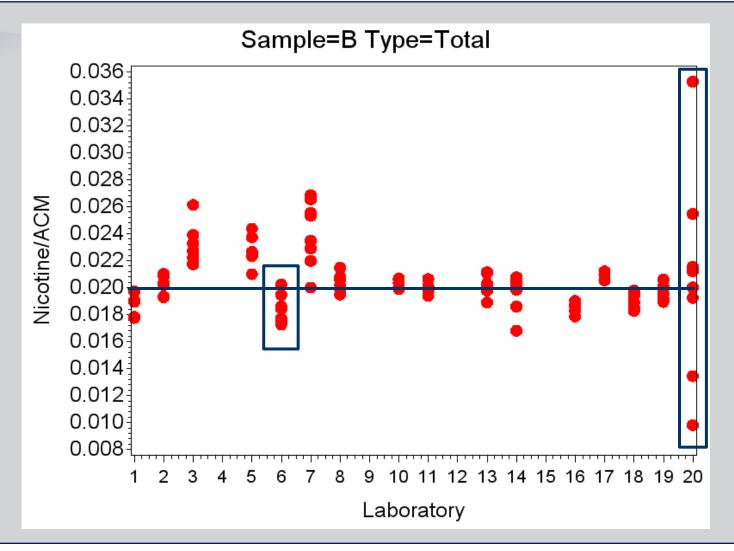
Calculations carried out using the robust algorithms in ISO 5725-5.



ACM =
Aerosol
collected
mass









| Nicotine/ACM | | | | | |
|--------------|-------|-------|-------|--|--|
| | В | С | D | | |
| | Total | Total | Total | | |
| Mean | 2.03% | 4.40% | 2.25% | | |
| Indiv | 0.08% | 0.20% | 0.10% | | |
| sr | 0.04% | 0.10% | 0.05% | | |
| sR | 0.16% | 0.27% | 0.18% | | |
| r (%) | 5.2% | 6.5% | 6.2% | | |
| R (%) | 22.2% | 17.1% | 22.1% | | |

Within lab variability

Total variability

[•] Mean, Indiv, sr, and sR are expressed as percent of ACM. r (%) and R(%) are percent of the estimated mean.

[•] Repeatability and reproducibility calculations based on a test result being the average of four test items. Indiv is the sd among individual values (i.e., not the average of 4).

Calculations carried out using the robust algorithms in ISO 5725-5.



CORESTA and e-cig standards

AFNOR (France)

- CORESTA participated in the ECIG Commission
- AFNOR standards
 - inclusion of the CORESTA-recommended vaping regime
 - emphasis on analytical considerations to assess and reduce variability

CEN (Europe)

- CORESTA Liaison with TC 437 Vape and Vapour Products
- CORESTA-nominated experts in WG1, WG3 and WG4

ISO (International)

- CORESTA Liaison with TC 126 Tobacco and Tobacco Products and SC3 Vape and Vapour Products
- SC3-WG2 on Vaping machine parameters led by CORESTA



FDA Workshops

Agrochemical Seminars

Conferences

- Global Tobacco & Nicotine Forum
- > Tobacco Campus
- > E-cig Europe
- US Tobacco Merchants Assoc.
- Global Forum on Nicotine
- **>** ...





Value of collaboration: CORESTA

- Global interdisciplinary expertise from different sectors non-members can get involved
- Focus on sharing and advancing scientific knowledge
- Conduct of inter-laboratory studies during development of analytical methods
- Track record supporting development of International Standards
- Emphasis on collaboration



ENDS 2017

- Thank you for your attention
- Questions?
- More information available at www.coresta.org

